



FEBRUARY 2022 EDITION

The infographics below show selected key National Health Indicators for diseases of public health importance over the last six months

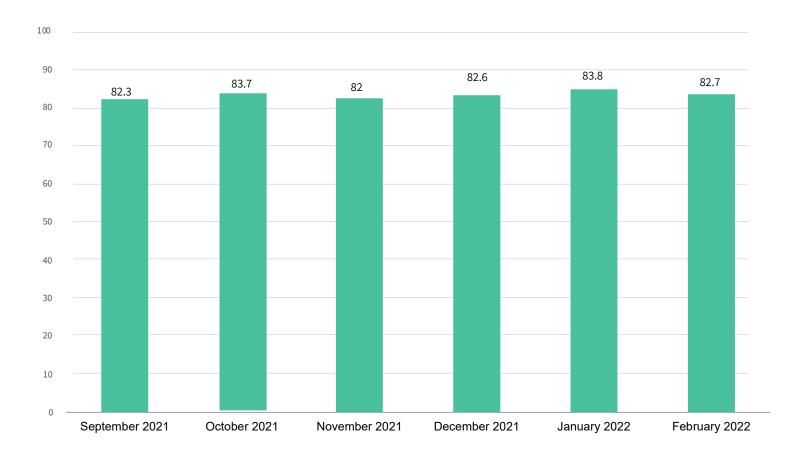


HEALTH FACILITY REPORTING RATE

The reporting rate for the month of February is 82.7% at the time of this report.

We encourage states to continue to deploy mobile devices and computers for direct reporting to the DHIS-2 as it is more cost-effective and enhances data quality

Figure 1: Health Facility Reporting Rate

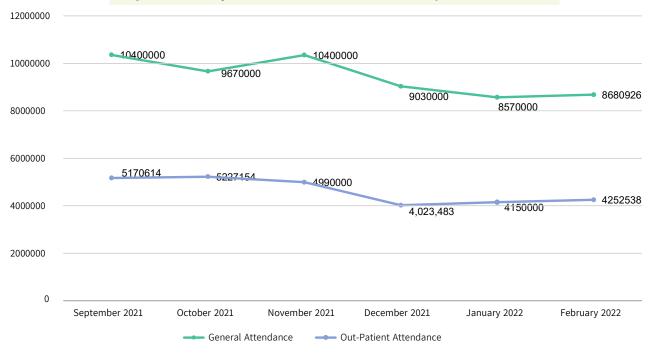




FACILITY ATTENDANCE

Figure 2 below shows the trend of general facility attendance and outpatient attendance from September 2021 to February 2022.

Figure 2: Facility General Attendance Versus Outpatient Attendance





MATERNAL HEALTH (ANC AND PNC)

Figure 3 below compares ANC attendance to deliveries by skilled birth attendants and post natal care visits in reporting facilities from September 2021 to February 2022.

Figure 3: Continuum of care during pregnancy, labour and delivery





IMMUNIZATION



Figure 4 compares the total BCG vaccines given at birth to total live births in reporting health facilities. The report shows that the total BCG vaccine doses given were more than the total live births in the facility for the same period.

This is partly due to the combination of fixed immunization sessions (in the facility) and outreach/mobile (within the community) immunization services data which covers for under-1 children delivered both in the community and at facilities.

Figure 4: Total live births and BCG given

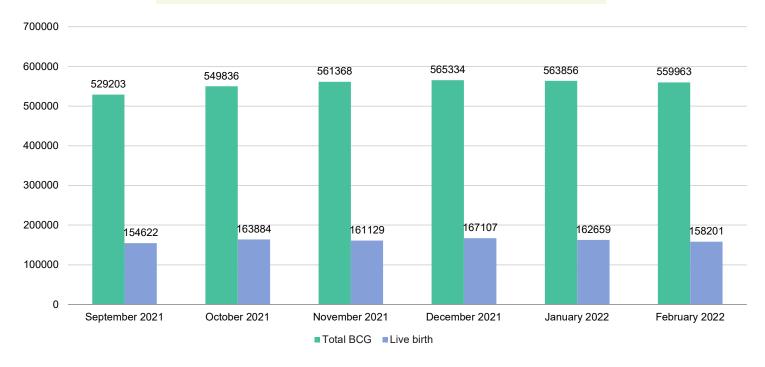
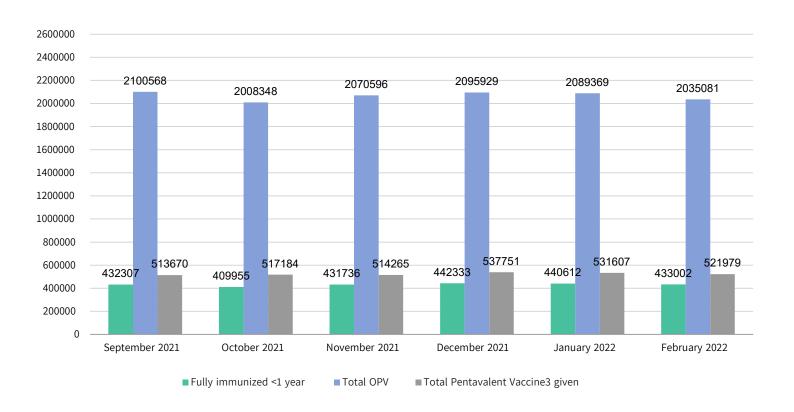


Figure 5: Fully immunized <1 year, OPV, Pentavalent vaccines 3 given



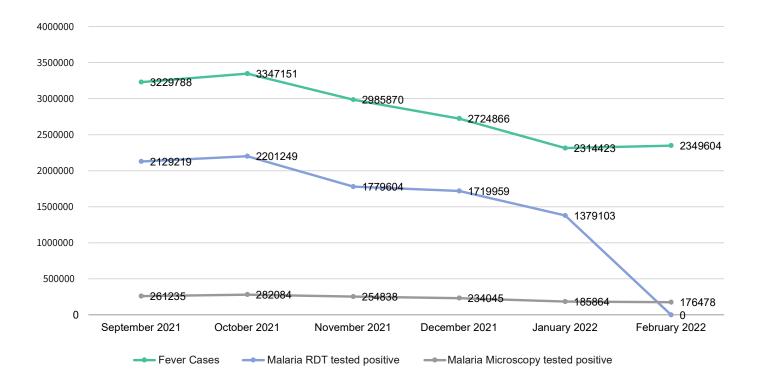




TOTAL FEVER CASES, MALARIA RDT AND MICROSCOPY TESTED POSITIVE

Figure 6 shows fever cases, malaria diagnosis using rapid diagnostic testing and microscopy testing in reporting facilities.

Figure 6: Number of fever cases, Malaria RDT and Microscopy tested positive





UNDER 5 DEATHS

Malaria and Pneumonia diseases remain some of the leading causes of under-5 deaths in Nigeria

All states are encouraged to train their health workers on proper reporting of diagnosis and management of diarrhea disease.

States are also advised to intensify efforts in the prevention, treatment and overall control of Pneumonia and Malaria.

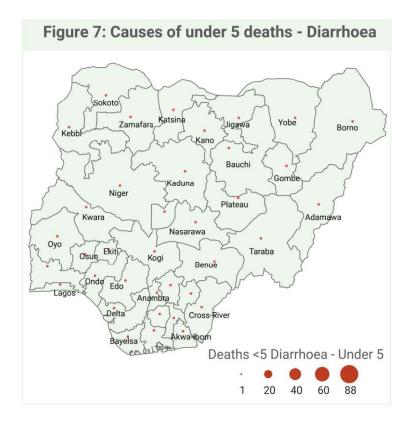


Figure 8: Causes of under 5 deaths - Malaria Sokoto Yobe Borno Bauchi Gombe Niger Plateau Adamawa Nasarawa Oyo Osun Ekiti Taraba Renue (Ondo Edo Cross-River endelto

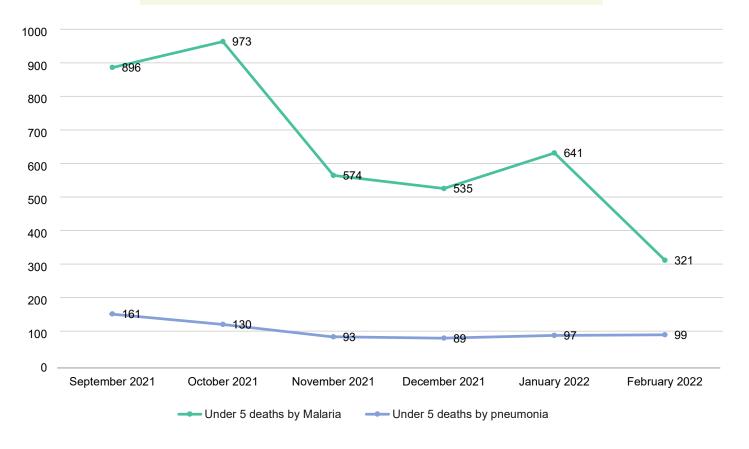
Figure 9: Causes of under 5 deaths - Pneumonia Sokoto Yobe Bauchi Gombe Kaduna Niger Plateau Adamawa Nasarawa Taraba Benue Ondo Edo Deaths < 5 Pneumonia

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Malaria remains the leading cause of death among under-5 children in the country. The value reported for the month of February 2022 is 321 deaths, lower than the previous month (January 2022 with 641 deaths).

Figure 10: Under 5 Deaths by Malaria and Pneumonia



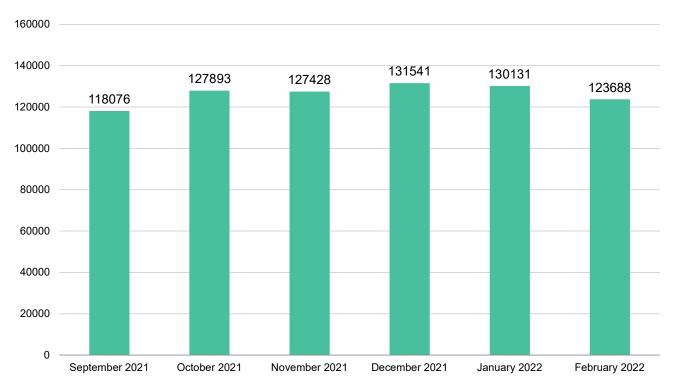
HEALTH SERVICE UPTAKE



The onset of the COVID-19 pandemic led to the deployment of several measures to curb the spread of the virus. Consequently, health services uptake was also affected as citizens adhered to strict lock - down measures which led to reduction in certain health delivery services at health facilities.

The analysis below presents data on deliveries by skilled birth attendants (Figure 11)

Figure 11: Deliveries by Skilled Birth Attendants



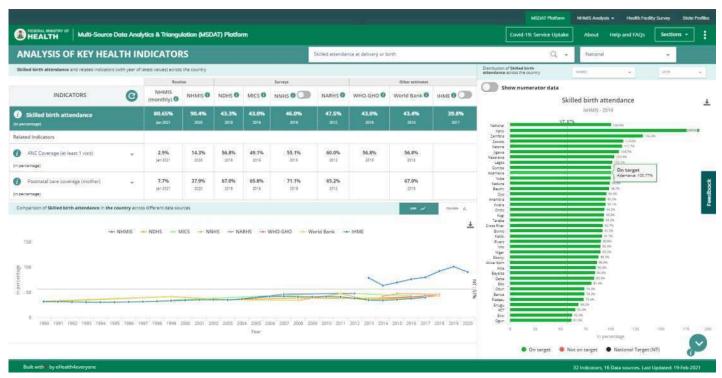
For more analysis, visit: https://msdat.fmohconnect.gov.ng/covid19_health_service_uptake/index.html



FEDERAL MINISTRY OF HEALTH

THE NATIONAL MSDAT PLATFORM

Recognizing that data quality, trends and interpretation depend on the data source and methodology, the platform offers comparisons of key metrics across three categories of data sources, namely; routine, surveys, and global estimates.



https://msdat.fmohconnect.g v.ng/central_analytics

AVAILABLE PROGRAM AREAS

RMNCH

- Adolescent Birth Rate
- ANC Visit (4 visits)
- ANC Visit (at least 1 visit)
- Contraceptive Prevalence Rate
- Percentage of children with diarrhoea who received treatment
- Postnatal Care Coverage (mother)
- Prevalence of diarrhoea
- Prevalence of Symptoms of Acute Respiratory Infection among under 5 Children
- Proportion of children under 5 with ARI who received treatment Skilled Attendance at Delivery or Birth
- Total Fertility Rate
- Unmet Need for Family Planning

MALARIA

- Percentage of children under 5 with fever who received ACT
- Percentage of women 15-49 years who received at least one IPT dose during pregnancy
- Percentage of women 15-49 years who received two or more IPT doses during pregnancy
- Prevalence of malaria among under five children (m croscopy positive)

NUTRITION

- Percentage of children under 6 months who were exclusively breastfed
- Prevalence of Stunting among under 5 children
- Prevalence of Wasting among under 5 children
- Underweight prevalence among under 5 children
- Vitamin A supplementation coverage

IMMUNIZATION

- DPT3/Penta 3 Coverage Rate
- IPV Coverage Rate
- Measles Immunization Coverage
- Percentage of children fully immunised against childhood diseases by age 1

HIV

- Percentage of people age 15-49 years who have been tested for HIV and know their
- Percentage of pregnant women tested for HIV during antenatal care
- Prevalence of HIV

MORTALITY

- Infant Mortality Rate
- Maternal Mortality Ratio
- Neonatal Mortality Rate (per 1000 live births)
- Under Mortality Rate
- Pregnancy-related mortality





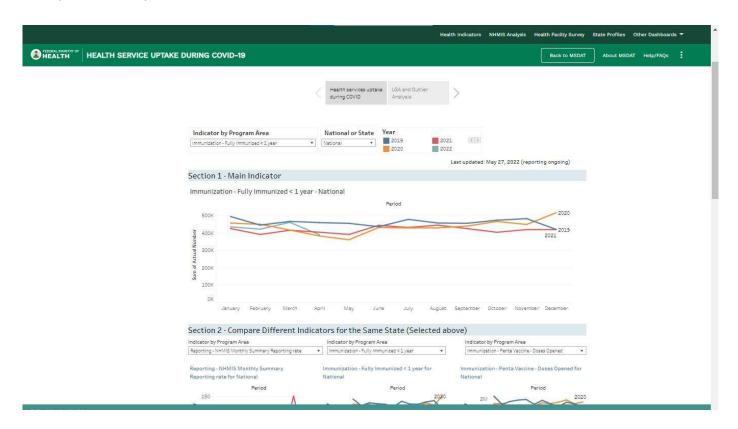


THE NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE UPTAKE DASHBOARD

Nigeria Health Analytical Tool showing Health Service Uptake (d ring the COVID-19 Pandemic) allows you to compare health service uptake on a monthly basis using key metrics as reported from health facilities across the country through the Nigerian National Health Management Information System (N MIS).

It compares the trend from the most recent months to trends in the past year.

Use the menus to select indicators and states for analysis. Each section allows for different types of comparative analysis.



Note: While data quality may vary, trend analysis compared to the previous month and year is useful in determining whether health service uptake has been affected relative to past trends.

This does not in anyway imply causality but does offer a useful proxy measure to gauge what could be happening across different health services during this period and areas for further investigation.

For more analysis, visit: https://msdat.fmohconnect.gov.ng/c id19_health_service_uptake/index.html





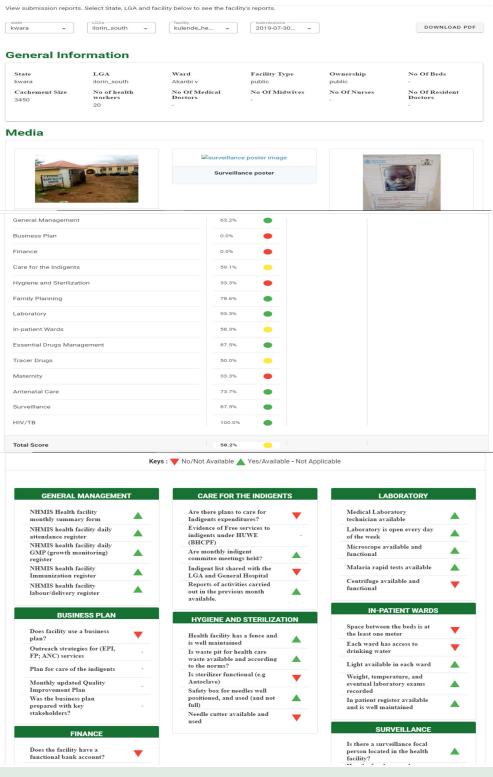


THE NATIONAL DIGITAL ISS/DQA PLATFORM

All States and the FCT are encouraged to use the digital Integrated Supportive Supervision (ISS)/Data Quality Assessment tools which have the following:

i. Smart data collections forms; ii. Almost instant individual facility analyzed reports to track changes and for programming, iii. Images, and iv. Multiple reviews, v. Facility Score after each review and many more.

Visit https://fmohconnect.gov.ng/is dqa.html



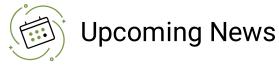
NATIONAL HEALTH MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM FEBRUARY 2022 EDITION



The infographics below show selected key National Health Indicators for diseases of public health importance over the last six months







Useful Links

To see further analyzed health information, kindly visit our platform:

https://msdat.fmohconnect.gov.ng/central _analytics

To view approved list of health facilities nationwide, kindly visit our Health Registry:

https://hfr.health.gov.ng/

To see ISS forms and reports of ISS/DQA exercises conducted visit: https://fmohconnect.gov.ng/iss-dqa.html All State HMIS officers canrequestfortheir access to the national digital ISS and for SPHCDA/LGAM&EOfficers.

